GOVERNMENT OF

THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

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ZONING COMMISSION

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SPECIAL MEETING
1147th MEETING SESSION (5TH OF 2003)

+ + + + +

MONDAY

APRIL 28, 2003

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The Special Meeting of the District of Columbia Zoning Commission convened at 4:51 p.m. in Room 220 South, 441 4th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20001, Carol J. Mitten, Chairperson, presiding.

ZONING COMMISSION MEMBERS PRESENT:

CAROL J. MITTEN Chairperson
ANTHONY J. HOOD Vice Chairperson
JAMES H. HANNAHAM Commissioner
JOHN G. PARSONS Commissioner

ZONING COMMISSION STAFF PRESENT:

ALBERTO BASTIDA Secretary

SHARON SANCHEZ Office of Zoning

OFFICE OF PLANNING STAFF PRESENT:

ELLEN McCARTHY Office of Planning
JOEL LAWSON Office of Planning
JENNIFER STEINGASSER Office of Planning

D.C. OFFICE OF CORPORATION COUNSEL:

ALAN BERGSTEIN, Esq.

NEAL R. GROSS

C-O-N-T-E-N-T-S

	AGENDA ITEM	<u>PAGE</u>
I.	PRELIMINARY MATTERS	NONE
II.	CONSENT CALENDAR	3
III.	PROPOSED ACTION	8

1	P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S
2	(4:51 p.m.)
3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Good afternoon,
4	ladies and gentlemen. This is a special public
5	meeting of the District of Columbia Zoning Commission
6	for Monday, April 28, 2003. My name is Carol Mitten,
7	and joining me this afternoon are Vice Chairman
8	Anthony Hood and Commissioners John Parsons and James
9	Hannaham. Mr. Hannaham is going to be with us in just
10	a moment.
11	Copies of our agenda are in the wall unit
12	near the door if you would like to follow along. I'm
13	not aware that we have any preliminary matters, so I
14	will just move into the first item, which is our
15	consent calendar item.
16	II. CONSENT CALENDAR
17	Z.C. CASE NO. 03-14
18	(PETITION FROM ANC 3F TO AMEND SECTION 3202.5(a))
19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Mr. Bastida, did you
20	have anything by way of introduction on our consent
21	calendar item?
22	SECRETARY BASTIDA: No, Madam Chairman,
23	just that we had provided you with the entire record
24	for the previous meeting, and we would request that

you take an action on the matter.

24

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Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you.

I would like to ask Mr. Bergstein -- he has given us some advice on the matter, and I would like Mr. Bergstein just to summarize that for the record, if you would.

MR. BERGSTEIN: Thank you.

With respect to the petition that you have before you, I think that our office agrees that, in all likelihood, the Zoning Commission, when it went through its various amendments to what we call the setdown rule or the vesting rule, inadvertently repealed language regarding the sufficiency of information that needs to be provided by an applicant in order for the application to be processed under existing zoning if the Zoning Commission is about to consider a change to the zoning designation. difference we have with the petition is that we feel that it also leaves out introductory language which for some reason doesn't appear in either the previous version of Title 11 or the current version of Title So what we have given you is a memo that shows 11. you on the first page in italics the language that we believe has never been removed from this provision and then the language that's underlined is the language is suggesting which that petitioner we believe

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captures the thought of the Zoning Commission in terms of the sufficiency of information which was contained in another provision that was repealed but referenced in this provision.

It's a very complex series of changes that the Zoning Commission made, but we believe that, in fact, if you propose this language, this provision will be returned to the original intent of the Commission, and we believe you can do it on a consent calendar basis because you are not proposing a change in policy; you're merely attempting to correct what amounted to an inadvertent repeal and an incorrect codification of Title 11.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: All right. So then just to be clear, in addition to the language that's being recommended to us by ANC-3F to amend Section 3202.5(a), you're proposing to insert a sentence at the beginning of that subsection that says, "If the application is filed on or before the date on which the Zoning Commission makes the decision to hold a hearing on the amendment, the processing of the application and completion of the work shall be governed by Section 3202.4."

MR. BERGSTEIN: That is correct.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: All right. I just

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1	wanted to be clear.
2	Any questions for Mr. Bergstein before we
3	go on?
4	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: No questions.
5	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Then I would move the
6	amended language that has been refined by Mr.
7	Bergstein to 3202.5(a).
8	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Second.
9	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Any discussion?
10	(No response.)
11	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: All those in favor,
12	please say aye.
13	(Chorus of ayes.)
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Mr. May votes aye by
15	absentee vote.
16	All those opposed, please say no.
17	(No response.)
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Ms. Sanchez, would
19	you record the vote?
20	MS. SANCHEZ: Yes. Staff would record the
21	vote five to zero to zero, Commissioner Mitten moving,
22	Commissioner Hood seconding, Commissioners Hannaham
23	and Parsons in favor, and Commissioner May in favor by
24	absentee ballot.
25	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you.

I just would like a clarification, Mr. Bergstein, if you can give it to us. Obviously something happened that led to the publication of the setdown rule being not what was intended by the Commission. Is that a flaw on the part of the Commission? Is it a flaw on the part of the staff, of the Office of Zoning, or is it a flaw on the part of the Office of Documents?

I ask that not to place blame, but to find where the weak link is so that we can assure that it doesn't happen in the future.

MR. BERGSTEIN: I think this is -- I said at one point that this section is almost doomed to miscodification because every way that a section could be miscodified, this was. But essentially what happened was that there was another section called 3202.5 that dealt with applications before 1958. It was a grandfathering provision. What happened here was -- sometimes it's better, when you repeal something, not to replace it with another provision that has the same number because that's the confusion that happened here.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.

MR. BERGSTEIN: What we have now before us was 3202.6, and when they tried to recodify -- when

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1	the Commission 3202.6 had a cross-reference to
2	3202.5, and it was a very important cross-reference.
3	When the Commission repealed 3202.5, they forget that
4	the section that was 3202.6 wouldn't make a lot of
5	sense without the cross-reference, which was then
6	repealed. So I think the great flaw here is when the
7	Commission did it, it forgot to ask itself, "Well,
8	there's a cross-reference in 3202.6. Shouldn't we now
9	insert that language in this provision because the
10	cross-reference no longer appears?" And that's where
11	things went wrong.
12	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. So it's a
13	lesson for us.
14	MR. BERGSTEIN: I guess fundamentally it
15	is, yes.
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Good. Well,
17	we hopefully won't make that mistake again. Thank
18	you.
19	III. PROPOSED ACTION
20	Z.C. CASE NO. 02-42 (W-0)
21	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: All right. Then the
22	next item on the agenda is proposed action for the W-0
23	text amendment, which is Case Number 02-42, and we had
24	a hearing on this and we had a lot of participation
25	from folks that live along the southwest waterfront

who we tried to assure that this is merely a text amendment and it is not being proposed for mapping anywhere at the moment other than on the proposed site of the Georgetown Boathouse and in the Southeast Federal Center area, so I hope they have been somewhat comforted by that at this point.

What I would like to do is ask the Office of Planning to freely engage with us as we go through -- we will probably have a series of questions, but I would like to just go through section by section and see if any of the Commissioners have any particular questions or concerns, and then we will just hopefully go through this fairly efficiently and just ask questions or state concerns as we go along. Is that all right with everyone?

VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: I don't know when an appropriate time -- I know we're going to go through what's proposed, but we got something from T. Rodney Opperman.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes.

VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: And it's dealing with congressional -- I guess a mandate of fish wharf, and I kind of want to get some clarification exactly of what the intent or what was Congress saying when they ruled on this report. I really don't -- I didn't

understand it, so I was hoping to get some clarification. Maybe this is an appropriate time, going into what we're getting ready to get into. So I would ask Mr. Bergstein, if he could, if he would just give me a quick explanation.

MR. BERGSTEIN: Well, actually, Mr. Hood, I didn't explore that issue very deeply because my concern is that it's appropriately the Zoning Administrator's responsibility to determine when a property is subject to zoning or not, and for me to opine upon that has really no value because my views aren't binding upon anybody.

So I did not address that and I was going to write to the gentleman to indicate that in terms of the applicability of a zoning designation to property which has some relationship with the Federal Government, it is almost on a case-by-case basis and requires a lot more research than even just looking at an act of Congress.

It would be both premature and useless for me to give an opinion on that, and what really should be done in this instance -- well, first, I think it's awful premature to even go into this because there has been no proposed designation for that property, but were there to be one, ultimately I think the place to

1	start on it the way the zoning regulations and the
2	zoning scheme is set up is to the Zoning
3	Administrator, who is the first interpreter of the
4	zoning regulations and their applicability. If
5	someone disagreed with the Zoning Administrator, that
6	would come up to the BZA and perhaps ultimately to the
7	Zoning Commission, and it's in my capacity as legal
8	advisor to the BZA and the Zoning Commission that I
9	would get involved.
10	So I realize it's a roundabout way of
11	saying I don't have an answer for you, but I really
12	believe that it would be inappropriate for me to give
13	an answer at this time.
14	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Thank you, Mr.
15	Bergstein.
16	Thank you, Madam Chair.
17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Let's start
18	with the definitions. Did anyone have any questions
19	about the definitions in 199 that are being proposed?
20	Any questions?
21	(No response.)
22	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: All right. In 601,
23	the use as a matter of right, and C-R, any questions?
24	(No response.)
25	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: All right. 900, the

general provisions of the waterfront districts.

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I was just going to suggest, in 900.3 where it describes -- first the W-0 is described as low density, and then the W-1 is described also as low density. Could that possibly be modified to moderate because moderate is between low and medium is probably actually more consistent with the degree of density of some of the moderate-density residential districts. So if that doesn't give anyone any heartburn, I would propose moderate there.

In 900.7, perhaps this is a question for the Office of Planning, the last sentence, "In addition. no building orstructure be constructed, placed or moored in, on or over Class B waters except in accordance with the D.C. water quality regulation 1104.4." Most of that is new information to me, so, you know, we sort of had taken pains in other cases not to give the appearance of having jurisdiction over things that we don't, so can you just share with us what is behind the inclusion of that language?

MR. LAWSON: The clause is actually not a necessary clause. included it Wе mainly as document so reference back to this other that applicants, people considering who were doing

1	something on or adjacent to the water, that they would
2	be aware of this regulation. Quite honestly, they
3	would be made aware regardless once they entered into
4	the building stage.
5	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
6	MR. LAWSON: So it could come out without,
7	by law, losing anything.
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. I would
9	advocate, then, that we delete that second sentence
LO	from 900.7. All right.
L1	Anything else in 900?
L2	(No response.)
L3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: 901, uses as a matter
L4	of right in the W zones. I think this is mostly just
L5	sort of housekeeping type stuff.
L6	The question that I had in 901.5 is we use
L7	the word "temporary," and it's used elsewhere, too,
L8	but these are the first occasions. 901.5(b), boat
L9	construction on a temporary basis; 901.5(e), temporary
20	market for produce, arts and crafts. I think we
21	should make some effort to define "temporary."
22	I would suggest, and, Mr. Lawson or Ms.
23	Steingasser, you can respond to this, for (e), what
24	comes to mind there would be seasonal as opposed to
25	temporary, so that it's implied that it's not

year-round, but I can't really do the same thing for (b), so I was wondering if you could give us any guidance on a way to define that, and if you can't at the moment, maybe we can do that for final action, but, you know, we have run into situations where, you know, if we don't define what "temporary" means, that it doesn't really mean anything and we end up with a fight on our hands. Do you have any thoughts right now on (b), or would you like to think about that one some more?

MR. LAWSON: We probably should think

MR. LAWSON: We probably should think about it a bit, but certainly the distinction is that a temporary boat construction is not a permanent facility that's constantly kind of constructing boats on one site; it's intended as kind of a one off. So I'm not sure if something as simple as "non-permanent: or --

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: That doesn't help. I mean, what's -- "Well, we intended for it to be non-permanent, but then we have been here for ten years, but we're going to move." You know what I mean? So anything that you can just do to refine that a little bit more I would appreciate.

VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Madam Chair, can we go back to 901.5(a)?

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2	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: I'm concerned
3	about the language in (a) towards the end. It says,
4	"And necessary associated facilities." To me, that
5	just leaves an open I don't know. Maybe you have a
6	definition for it. I don't know what "necessary
7	associated facilities" what it may mean to one
8	person may mean something totally and then I can
9	just see an argument for some, I don't want to say
10	undesirables, but some different things eventually
11	making their way down to the waterfront.
12	MS. STEINGASSER: Would it be more clear
13	if we said "necessary support facilities"?
14	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Support to the
15	waterfront.
16	MS. STEINGASSER: Support to the publicly
17	accessible park, playground, athletic field. That
18	would get more towards restrooms
19	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay. I would
20	feel yes, I would be more comfortable.
21	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. So we'll
22	change "associated" to "support."
23	MR. BERGSTEIN: Madam Chair, in the
24	proposed rule, would you be interested in soliciting
25	comments on "temporary" in the context of (b)?

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN:

Sure.

1 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: We can do that. can we call it out that we want people to focus on it? 2 3 Well, as part of MR. BERGSTEIN: 4 notice of -- actually, a notice of proposed rulemaking 5 is usually a one-paragraph introduction, so adding another paragraph saying that the Commission would be 6 7 particularly interested in receiving public comments 8 refining the term "temporary" as it's used in that 9 provision would be easy to do and be also very 10 obvious. CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I think that would be 11 12 great because, in fact, if I have -- I think I have --13 I think we talked about this at setdown, too, and I 14 think the intent was at that point to solicit comment, 15 and I don't think we succeeded in eliciting it. So if 16 we could do that and call it out, I would appreciate 17 that. 18 VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Also, Madam Chair, 19 in agreement with what you are saying about the 2.0 temporary issue, I wonder if it would be advisable if 21 we put in parentheses "one time only." It goes back 22 to your earlier statement about temporary. Hopefully 23 we can look into that before we do our final proposal. 24 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.

COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Well, the temporary

Τ	market for produce implies a seasonal use such as at
2	the Kennedy Stadium where people drive their trucks
3	into that parking lot every weekend all summer, and I
4	wonder if that's what we're really talking about here.
5	I mean, are we talking more about an arts-and-crafts
6	festival like the one the Smithsonian had this weekend
7	for three days and it goes away, or is it something
8	that shows up every Saturday morning, which is a much
9	different kind of use.
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: What were you guys
11	thinking about?
12	MR. LAWSON: We were thinking actually it
13	could be either one.
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Oh, either one.
15	MR. LAWSON: What it couldn't be is it
16	couldn't be a market setup that would stay there all
17	year long or even all season long, I think.
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. How about
19	seasonal or periodic or something like that?
20	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: So it would
21	preclude permanent or semi-permanent structures. In
22	other words, it would be you wouldn't even know it
23	was there on Monday morning.
24	MR. LAWSON: That's right. I believe that

_	are other provisions in w-o that would allow that kind
2	of a retail, a more permanent retail use through
3	special exception.
4	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Such as a public
5	space permit for tables that we have on the streets
6	outside of a restaurant here in Washington, that kind
7	of use where a restaurant is adjacent to the W-O and
8	they could use it on a temporary basis. I shouldn't
9	have thrown public space permit into this. That's not
10	what I meant.
11	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Why don't we say
12	"seasonal market for produce, arts and crafts, with
13	non-permanent structures."
14	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Yes.
15	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
16	COMMISSIONER HANNAHAM: Another way to
17	cite this is to call it "occasional."
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: That's true, too.
19	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: That's a good word.
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I like that. Yes,
21	that's good.
22	COMMISSIONER HANNAHAM: Occasional can
23	just be on any occasion that's appropriate.
24	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: There you go. That
25	sounds good. Okay. I think we've got a winner there.

1	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I'm sorry, I missed
2	one way, way, way back in 901(b).
3	COMMISSIONER HANNAHAM: That could go for
4	(b) or (e). You wanted to think of substituting
5	something for "temporary."
6	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. We could put
7	in "occasional" on (b), too, and just ask we could
8	still solicit comments.
9	COMMISSIONER HANNAHAM: Still solicit,
10	yes.
11	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes.
12	Okay. Mr. Parsons.
13	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I'm sorry. I
14	wanted to go back to 901.1, which is at the bottom of
15	one page, top of the next, and the word which appears
16	elsewhere in the regulations "minor repairs." That
17	kind of fits into the same category. What is minor?
18	I mean, I think the record will indicate that there is
19	need for repair of boats here in the city and minor
20	implies maybe something that you pull up to the dock
21	and somebody helps you with a broken antenna. It does
22	say "marine engines." So what is your feeling about
23	the word "minor"? Can you pull a boat out of the
24	water and fix a hole in the bottom?

MR. LAWSON: I think that's actually a

really good question. That isn't had anticipated when we wrote this. I was anticipating something of even a more minor nature than that, mainly because pulling the boat out of the water involves whole new sets of equipment and whole new kinds of businesses going on on the waterfront which noisy, which can use а lot of chemicals, that kind of stuff.

On the other hand, it's a necessary type of a business associated with boat owners, and boats do have to be pulled out of the water for even some minor uses like painting or scraping the bottom. So it's a good question.

COMMISSIONER PARSONS: So did you mean that in order to go beyond minor repairs, it would be a special exception or you really haven't thought --

MR. LAWSON: My intention was really more an individual owner working on an individual boat or hiring an individual contractor as opposed to large-scale businesses working, large-scale boat-repair businesses.

You know, again, I think that those uses are probably appropriate. They may be more appropriate for some of the more denser zones that allow boating type uses like W-1 or even C-R.

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1	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Let me just remind
2	everybody what section we're in. We're in 901.1,
3	which are the following uses shall be permitted in the
4	W-1, W-2, W-3. We're talking about those denser
5	zones; we're not talking about W-0 at the moment.
6	So this may be an opportunity to have some
7	language that is distinctly different as it relates to
8	repairs in W-1, 2 and 3, rather than in W-0, so we
9	might want to have a little bit more intense use
10	there.
11	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: In other words,
12	remove the word "minor" here.
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes. Yes. What do
14	you think about that, Mr. Lawson? Remove the word
15	"minor" in this section, but retain it when we go to
16	whatever the section is
17	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: 901.5.
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Right. 909 deals
19	with uses the marina use in W-0 specifically.
20	There we could retain it in 919.2, we could retain
21	"minor."
22	What do you think about that, Mr. Lawson?
23	MR. LAWSON: I think that's a workable
24	solution. I suspect that there may be marina owners
25	who will be concerned that we're establishing

different uses for marinas just because they happen to be in different zones. That would -- I'm sort of thinking this through as we're going along and I suspect that that may be an issue that would crop up with some of the existing marinas.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Can I ask you, we have existing marinas in existing W-1, W-2, W-3, who may actually be doing something more than what we might be thinking of as minor, so it's actually to their benefit that we remove the "word," yes?

MR. LAWSON: That's absolutely true, yes.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. So can we agree that we will take the word "minor" out of 901.1(n) and then we will retain it in 919.2 because that applies specifically to W-0? Do we agree about that? Is that helpful to addressing --

VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Let me just ask a point of clarification. When we say "minor," I'm thinking about the type of work -- and I think, Mr. Lawson, you mentioned about patching the bottom of a boat. When I was looking at it, I thought minor, for example, was changing a spark plug, and I just don't know how specific we can be, but what may be minor to one mechanic may not be minor to the next, and you may wind up having people down on the waterfront changing

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motors and whatnot, and I'm not sure if that's exactly the line you're going. So I don't know if what you propose, Madam Chair, will solve that problem, but minor can be interpreted in different ways.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Let me make this suggestion, then, that for now, we remove the word "minor" from (n), we ask Mr. Lawson to maybe revisit some of the existing marina uses and the types of repairs that they do so that we could possibly say in (n) for final action "repairs to boats and marine engines including the use of hoists" or whatever, you know, stuff that they use so we can be more specific about that.

MR. LAWSON: We may be able to address it simply by, in the W-1, 2 and 3, saying that boat repair business -- boat repair as a business is a permitted use, whereas in the W-0 zone, it would not be. So minor repair would then be more the kind of thing that Commissioner Hood was talking about, small repairs to individual boats by owners.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: But in the meantime, before we do that -- I just want to make sure we're not causing a problem for anyone in the marina that's doing something that wouldn't fall into that category.

Can we go on, then?

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1	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Yes.
2	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Is that okay, Mr.
3	Parsons? Okay.
4	Okay. Anyone else in 901? Any other
5	comments in 901?
6	(No response.)
7	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. 902,
8	prohibited uses in W. 905, Planning Office review in
9	the W zones. I did want to make a comment at this
10	point, because there were some people that were
11	concerned, and I think the ANC-6D, which is the only
12	ANC that weighed in on this, they were concerned that
13	somehow the Office of Planning was given absolute
14	discretion over the special exception uses somehow to
15	the exclusion of ANCs, and they said specifically the
16	Office of Planning is now being put on an equal
17	footing with ANC. Well, they have always been on an

Anything in 906, hospitals and clinics in W-1 through 3? 907, utilities. 908, bowling alleys.

equal footing in terms of great weight, and this is

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COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I -- whoa.

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1	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Just keep in mind,										
2	these are existing provisions.										
3	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: So if we were to										
4	take exception to this, we would need to readvertise										
5	it.										
6	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes. And I'm not										
7	suggesting that if you want to take exception to it,										
8	that you shouldn't, but										
9	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: No.										
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. I do										
11	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Hopefully the land										
12	is too expensive to build a bowling alley.										
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I think it probably										
14	is. I think it probably is. I would like to change										
15	in 908.4, if we could do this without causing any										
16	problems, to change the D.C. Office of Planning and										
17	Development to just the D.C. Office of Planning, which										
18	is their correct name.										
19	909, manufacturing and processing.										
20	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: This is another										
21	one, Madam Chair, I would hope I don't know if we										
22	can look at it right now, but when you say										
23	"processing," for some reason, processing in this city										
24	means a variety of uses.										
25	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes, it does. And I										

1	would say, though, that that's a special exception use
2	that would have to meet the criteria set forward for
3	things like enhancing the visual and recreational
4	opportunities offered by the waterfront, and I'm not
5	sure that some of the processing facilities that you
6	might have in mind would meet that test, so maybe that
7	will
8	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: You would be
9	surprised.
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. 910,
11	warehouses and wholesalers; 911, business trades,
12	service trades; 912, private schools and trade
13	schools; 913, community based residential facilities;
14	914, antennas; 915, miscellaneous.
15	MS. STEINGASSER: Madam Chair?
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes.
17	MS. STEINGASSER: Under antennas, I would
18	just like to point out that Sections 211 and 212 will
19	no longer be existing and this will be amended to
20	reflect the new chapter.
21	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Good. I tried
22	not to focus on I try to focus on only one text
23	amendment at a time, so I'm glad that you are going to
24	be following up on those changes.
25	915, miscellaneous uses; 916, colleges and

universities; 917 -- now we're getting into the meat of it -- uses subject to special exception in W-0.

COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I wonder if we might look at this concept of boat repair here in (i) and (k).

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: And (j) maybe.

COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Uh-huh. I mean, if we're going to allow somebody to build under one proposal a 110-foot sloop, certainly repairing a 50-foot boat seems -- I guess the theory is that we would zone something -- in order to get a boat out of the water of that size, you have to have a ramp and a hoist. You have to have access to the shoreline. So to zone it W-1 just because it's a boat repair facility is strange to me, I guess, because we all imagined this W-0 zone being continuous if we can along the waterfront.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Just to add to what you're starting to express, at the hearing, someone from the live-aboard community was suggesting that this is -- in fact, boat construction and so forth is incompatible with residential use, not to say that there's not residential uses on land being proposed, but the floating homes. So, you know, there's a compatible issue there too potentially, you know,

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1	depending on where this might be mapped and how things
2	might develop in a particular area.
3	So did you have a specific suggestion or
4	did you have a question for Office of Planning?
5	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Well, I was
6	thinking from the first time we talked about this five
7	minutes ago until now that we might want to allow boat
8	repair as a special exception in W-0, and the fact
9	that it's not mentioned anywhere here there's
10	bicycle repair.
11	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Boat repair. Okay.
12	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: So I was suggesting
13	(k), I mean, that we may add boat repair to that as
14	well.
15	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. What do you
16	think do you have any concerns about boat
17	construction?
18	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Yes. I think I
19	hate to use the word "temporary" again
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: That's already
21	permitted. In 901.5(b), what we were talking about
22	before, that's permitted as a matter of right. So
23	this would be boat construction on a permanent basis
24	permitted by special exception.
25	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Where did that come

1	irom? was that in the advertisement?
2	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I don't know.
3	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Maybe I missed it.
4	It's all right. I think that given the limited
5	amount of places we have to zone this, I can't imagine
6	that kind of use being compatible with what we're
7	trying to do on the Anacostia waterfront. If
8	temporary is provided for, that's fine, but a boat
9	construction yard?
LO	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes. And this is the
L1	thing. I guess
L2	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: No.
L3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: What it says in the
L4	introduction is that these uses, this list, shall be
L5	permitted by special exception in the W-O district if
L6	the uses are considered to be appropriate and
L7	furthering the objectives of the waterfront district.
L8	So then it's a question of, okay, do we really
L9	anticipate that that will ever be the case?
20	Otherwise, we shouldn't set forth the expectation that
21	that use
22	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I think we ought to
23	reconsider that.
24	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
25	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Certainly rental
	1

1	and sales would be okay, but
2	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: So why don't we just
3	say, then, "boat repair, rental and sales"
4	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Yes.
5	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: and eliminate
6	"construction."
7	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Good.
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. I thought we
9	could consolidate music store and musical instruments.
10	I would think that you could sell musical instruments
11	in a music store.
12	MR. BERGSTEIN: I'm sorry. Could I go
13	back to boat repair, rentals and sales?
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes.
15	MR. BERGSTEIN: Is the "and" supposed to
16	mean that it has to be done all three of these
17	things are done as a single use, or it would be "or
18	sales"?
19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: That's a good
20	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Perfect.
21	MR. BERGSTEIN: "Or sales."
22	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Yes.
23	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: suggestion made in
24	the form of a question.
25	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Madam Chair, can

1	we go back to (z), legitimate theater?										
2	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes.										
3	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: I guess I need										
4	what is a legitimate theater?										
5	MS. STEINGASSER: "Legitimate theater" is										
6	the definition that currently exists in section 199 as										
7	opposed to										
8	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Illegitimate. I'm										
9	sorry.										
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: It's a defined term										
11	apparently.										
12	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay.										
13	COMMISSIONER HANNAHAM: It's like Arena										
14	Stage.										
15	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Is a legitimate?										
16	MS. STEINGASSER: It is. It distinguishes										
17	it between not only the more colorful type of theater,										
18	but also movie theaters. It defines a type of live										
19	performance.										
20	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Live performance.										
21	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Oh, okay. That's										
22	it. Live performance. Okay. Thank you.										
23	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I'm concerned as to										
24	how mass transit facility entered into this. I'm										
25	reminded of an argument I had with never mind. I										
1											

1	won't use names. Proposal for a mass transit facility
2	in the form of a bus garage on the waterfront some
3	years ago. What did you have in mind here? Because
4	certainly that's not the kind of use we're talking
5	about. Is it a vent shaft or a turnaround for a
6	trolley or trolley stop or interface with water taxis
7	or
8	MS. STEINGASSER: Yes, yes, yes. We
9	borrowed this use straight from the other W zones, the
10	1, 2 and 3.
11	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I'll be darned.
12	Well, this is a special exception, so we will
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: And it is conceivable
14	that there would be, under some circumstances, there
15	would be an argument that could be made that it would
16	further the objectives of the waterfront districts.
17	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Yes.
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. In GG, I would
19	just want to eliminate light wine and just have it be
20	wine since I don't know what light wine is. Is that
21	some Canadian thing, Mr. Lawson?
22	MR. LAWSON: There is no light alcohol in
23	Canada.
24	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Here again, we have,
25	in TT, we have the use of the word "temporary." So

1	let's say we'll just put in "occasional."										
2	Anything else? Anybody else want to										
3	comment on any of the uses in the list in 917.1?										
4	COMMISSIONER HANNAHAM: What are tobacco										
5	products?										
6	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: What are tobacco										
7	products?										
8	COMMISSIONER HANNAHAM: I mean, what kind										
9	of a site would that be? A tobacco shop?										
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Oh, it's the sale of										
11	tobacco products.										
12	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Do they have										
13	tobacco shops anymore?										
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: They have cigar										
15	stores and stuff.										
16	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Oh.										
17	COMMISSIONER HANNAHAM: But we're really										
18	trying to get away from promoting tobacco and its use										
19	because it's an addictive product.										
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Shall we take it out?										
21	COMMISSIONER HANNAHAM: I would take it										
22	out.										
23	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Let's take it out.										
24	COMMISSIONER HANNAHAM: I feel it										
25	shouldn't be there.										

1	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Are we in agreement?
2	COMMISSIONER HANNAHAM: That doesn't stop
3	people from smoking in the open air, but why would you
4	want to promote tobacco usage as a public
5	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I think that's a very
6	fine idea. I agree with that.
7	COMMISSIONER HANNAHAM: All right.
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: They can go to W-1
9	and buy tobacco products.
10	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: I mean, are we
11	being competitive? And I agree with Commissioner
12	Hannaham, but if you're on the waterfront, you're
13	close by the water, you want to have a cigar or
14	whatever, I'm not promoting it, but I'm saying we also
15	want to make sure we're competitive.
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: It's not saying I
17	think the distinction is, like you can go into a food
18	store and they might sell cigarettes, but this would
19	be a store devoted solely to the sale of tobacco
20	products.
21	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: And those stores
22	exist. They are around. And actually, I can
23	visualize one being on the waterfront close to the
24	water, and I just think we're limiting ourselves.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN:

25

What do you think,

_	rit. Tarbons.
2	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I'm looking for
3	tobacco products in the other W zones and I can't find
4	them.
5	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: They are not as
6	close to the water.
7	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: So you have to sell
8	it on the waterfront where there's plenty of fresh
9	air.
10	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: I'm not going to
11	make a big deal, Madam Chair. We can take it out.
12	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. I find it
13	interesting that we should keep the sale of beer and
14	light wine and eliminate the sale of tobacco products,
15	but I'm all for it.
16	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Be consistent.
17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
18	MR. BERGSTEIN: Madam Chair, this may not
19	be a question, more an observation, but back to
20	temporary fair, circus, carnival, I didn't catch this
21	when I was reviewing it, but there is a
22	matter-of-right use in the R zone for temporary use of
23	premises by fairs, circuses and carnivals on
24	compliance with the provisions of Chapter 13 of Title

19 DCMR, use of parks for recreation, which is a very

specific	prov	ision	that	pei	rmits	s these	tyr	pes	of	uses
and it is permitted by DCRA.										
	I	don't	know	if	the	intent	was	to	not	call

out that correlation, because there really is a correlation in this particular case, and whether -- I don't know if OP purposely left that out in terms of the description of this use or not, or whether or not you want us to investigate whether or not it would be appropriate to keep in that reference to Title 13 -- Chapter 13.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Let me just make sure it's not in the same category as the item that we eliminated in 900.7, which is, if you're going to have a fair, circus or carnival, are you bound by Title 13, whatever the provision is, regardless of whether we call it out or not.

MR. BERGSTEIN: I guess that's my concern, though, that if one part of the zoning regulations call it out as if there was a precondition, not just to satisfaction of the zoning regulations, but this other thing, and this provision doesn't, someone might try to make the argument that somehow they have been absolved of complying with that provision.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.

MR. BERGSTEIN: So at least I would like

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1	to take a look at what that provision whether or
2	not there's a real necessary correlation between the
3	two, and then if there's not, I guess give you a
4	cleanup rulemaking to get rid of that cross-reference
5	so at least the two provisions say the same thing and
6	then change "temporary" there to "occasional" if
7	that's what you're going to do.
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
9	MR. BERGSTEIN: Okay.
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: That sounds great.
11	Thank you.
12	Okay. Anybody else on the special
13	exception uses?
14	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I'm lost here.
15	Where does it provide for I'm sorry. Moving along.
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
17	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: We can't get to
18	boathouse until we get to 918. That's why I was
19	wondering why boathouse isn't listed.
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: It has special
21	provisions associated with it beyond 3104.
22	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: So you don't need
23	to list it in this list if it's contained in the
24	following sections?
25	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Right.
26	

1	E-V-E-N-I-N-G S-E-S-S-I-O-N
2	(6:00 p.m.)
3	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Okay.
4	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: The list is those
5	are the special exceptions that will be considered
6	either by the Board of Zoning Adjustment under the
7	normal test for a special exception or by us under
8	this new 926. But if you're another kind of special
9	exception, like a boathouse, marina or yacht club,
10	there's more, so it's in a separate section.
11	MR. BERGSTEIN: One way I was thinking
12	about this as I was reading it again is it's possible
13	to move up the specific special exceptions for
14	boathouse, marina, yacht club, so they follow the
15	other ones that are called out in W-O and then move
16	these to sort of right afterwards as, "In addition,
17	the following special exceptions may be allowed," if
18	that makes anything clearer, because it does interrupt
19	the flow of it.
20	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: You're right.
21	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
22	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: But it after
23	colleges and universities, you mean?
24	MR. BERGSTEIN: Yes, that's right.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Oh, yes. That

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sounds good. Okay.

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VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: But also, Madam Chair, can we deal with this language here at 918.1? I know we're moving it, but can we deal with it? It says if the Board of Zoning Adjustment or the Zoning Commission considers that it is appropriate -- who makes that decision?

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: The decision will be, if we go -- under 926, what is being proposed is, when someone comes, and the property is not zoned W-O at that point, so it's either unzoned or zoned something else, and they are coming to the Zoning Commission, they can at that point -- it's sort of in the spirit of one-stop shopping -- they can seek their special exception approvals from the Zoning Commission. Otherwise, they go before the BZA.

VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay. Where does that tell me? I see where the Zoning Commission's piece is, but where does that tell me exactly what you just said?

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I believe it's in 926.1. As part of its consideration of a petition or application to zone a property or properties to the W-O District, the Zoning Commission may review special exception and variance requests simultaneously with

	the zoning map amendment apprication.
2	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay. It's almost
3	like it's just telling me half the story.
4	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I think there is an
5	implication.
6	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: And that's my
7	point, there's an implication, but if I'm not a I
8	know we don't write regulations for those who are
9	laymen, I don't guess, but we should try to make it as
10	simple as possible. This is actually not telling me
11	exactly where I need to go unless we want something
12	zoned W-0.
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
14	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: After that it's
15	only like giving me half the story.
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
17	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Then we should be
18	moving that ahead of this story. In other words, you
19	ought to know that before you read this.
20	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Before you get
21	there.
22	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Yes.
23	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: And that's kind of
24	where I'm going. But I don't have any language.
25	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: You need to move

1	Section 926 possibly.
2	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
3	Mr. Bergstein?
4	MR. BERGSTEIN: Yes. What I tried to do
5	was not interrupt the flow of special exceptions from
6	W-1, 2 and 3 to $W-0$, but as I keep on hearing these
7	comments, perhaps what we can do is have an
8	introductory section in essence that says that, "The
9	following special exceptions are applicable to W-O and
10	where proposed as a map amendment," in other words
11	explain it as an introductory section to the special
12	exception provisions.
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes.
14	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: I would agree, Mr.
15	Bergstein, because there is another regulation in the
16	ordinance that does that, and I think that that would
17	be very helpful.
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. That would be
19	great. So you will work on reorganizing this, Mr.
20	Bergstein?
21	MR. BERGSTEIN: Yes.
22	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
23	If we're ready to move to 918, then, where
24	it says, at the end of 918.1, that you can get a
25	special exception for a boathouse either from the

1	Board of Zoning Adjustment or from the Commission, and
2	then it says, "subject to the provisions of this
3	section and the provisions of Sections 930 to 937"
4	that relate to lot occupancy and height and so forth.
5	We don't always say that, and I thought it
6	went without saying that you had to comply with all
7	the other provisions related to density and height and
8	so forth, so again to your point about this additional
9	language related to carnivals and stuff, if we don't
10	say it in other places, does it imply that you're not
11	bound to the other sections?
12	MR. BERGSTEIN: That's always a problem,
13	and the question here is whether or not the type of
14	exceptions that you're making here would put it in
15	anyone's mind that perhaps the other sections don't
16	apply. So you're weighing, you know, the potential
17	evils on either side.
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: But it's a use the
19	special exception is for the use, right? And then the
20	other things don't relate to use; they relate to
21	physical aspects.
22	MR. BERGSTEIN: I would have no problem
23	with taking that language out.
24	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
25	MR. BERGSTEIN: Unless OP has a concern

	that I'm not aware of.
2	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Do you guys have any
3	concerns? Mr. Lawson or Ms
4	MR. LAWSON: I'm sorry?
5	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Do you have any
6	concerns about us deleting the language at the end of
7	918.1 that says, "and the provisions of Sections 930
8	to 937"?
9	MR. LAWSON: I have no objections to that.
10	That language is repeated in a number of different
11	sections. It would come out in all of
12	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Right. Yes. But we
13	don't always say that in all the other places and
14	throughout the ordinance where we talk about stuff
15	like that. Okay.
16	918.2. Now, we're talking about
17	boathouses, and I'm just wondering, the term
18	"facility" is used as opposed to "structure," and I
19	didn't know if there is some distinction there and if
20	there is anything lost by saying "facility" versus
21	"structure."
22	MR. LAWSON: The intent was actually to
23	gain. The "structure" I was concerned that the
24	"structure" would be interpreted as applying to the
25	principal building alone. The facility would relate

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1	to the structure, any associated decks and piers,
2	boat-hoisting equipment, you know, whatever might be
3	associated with the use in addition to the building
4	itself.
5	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
6	Mr. Bergstein, I'm going to ask you just
7	to, between now and final action, just to think about
8	that, because "facility" is not a defined term and
9	just to make sure that we're not perhaps we should
10	be defining "facility," although
11	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: We could just say
12	"boathouse and accessory structures."
13	MR. BERGSTEIN: I was thinking of
14	"boathouse and associated facilities" if that's really
15	what Mr. Lawson is getting at.
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
17	MR. BERGSTEIN: In other words, if
18	boathouse means more than the boathouse and includes
19	associated facilities within the scope of the special
20	exception, would it be useful to call it out there,
21	say that "boathouse and associated facilities," and
22	then maybe just repeat it each time rather than saying
23	"facility."
24	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
25	MR. BERGSTEIN: Or put a paren around it

1	to say "facility," In other words, say "the boathouse
2	and associated facility (facility)," and then the word
3	"facility" would relate back to that.
4	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Just making a
5	note. I think the term "facility" is used elsewhere,
6	too, so we could just maybe look for that.
7	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: On (b), this
8	hesitancy to excavate I'm not quite sure I understand.
9	Is it the concern that these might be wetlands, or
10	what is it?
11	MR. LAWSON: The concern here is that
12	we're getting at boathouses that impact the shoreline
13	as little as possible. I wouldn't anticipate a
14	boathouse going into an official wetlands, quite
15	honestly. I think from an environmental standpoint,
16	an ecological standpoint, that wouldn't be in line
17	with other regulations and requirements. But we would
18	still like to see them minimize the amount of
19	disturbance. The regulation does not say, "You shall
20	not disturb"; it's guidance that we're looking for a
21	minimum amount of disturbance.
22	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Okay.
23	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: On 918.4, it
24	specifically says that a boathouse may include
25	restrooms, showers, so on and so forth, and that only

1 relates to W-0, and it doesn't say that a boathouse may include those things when we talk about it in the 2 3 other zones, uses as a matter of right, 901.1. didn't know if that was what was intended or if --4 5 MR. LAWSON: I think you're absolutely I think that either the regulation will need 6 right. 7 to be changed to include all of those accessories as 8 in the earlier ones, or possibly at one point that whole clause was in the definitions section. 9 10 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Right. MR. LAWSON: I thought it made sense to 11 12 move it to this section. But we will have to either 13 cross-reference or move it back to the definitions 14 section. 15 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. I have the 16 same comment -- are we done with 918? Anybody else on 918? 17 18 COMMISSIONER PARSONS: All right. 19 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. On 919, I had 20 the same comments, in 919.1 about the end of the 21 section, so we can take that out. 22 I did have a question in the section about 23 floating homes, 919.4(b) where it says, "No floating 24 be used exclusively for any form home 25 commercial use." It suggests it might be in part, and

1	I guess I'm wondering what you're thinking of there.
2	MR. LAWSON: I guess we used the well,
3	we used the word "exclusively" to note that the
4	following clause, you know, says that home occupation
5	is allowed, which is a form of business that would be
6	allowed. But exclusively is a form of commercial use
7	exclusively for I don't know whatever commercial
8	use that might be, for a restaurant, that kind of
9	thing, would not be permitted.
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: But isn't it the
11	definition of let's see. The definition of
12	floating home is it's going to be a residence. Yes?
13	Or maybe not necessarily. As a water-born residential
14	dwelling. And then when we go and we make reference
15	to the home occupation section, that limits the amount
16	of, you know, non-residential use. So I guess I'd
17	just as soon delete (b) because it suggests something
18	that I don't want to be suggesting. Is that okay?
19	MR. LAWSON: Yes. I understand what
20	you're saying, and I think that's a good idea.
21	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
22	Anybody else on 919 marina?
23	(No response.)
24	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: 920, yacht club.
25	Same comments for 920.1. 920.2(a), the term "moorage

_	spaces is used and we had been using beith, and i
2	don't know I was in the Navy for two years and I
3	don't know the difference. Is there a difference?
4	MR. LAWSON: I don't know of any
5	difference, but I think it's wise to use one term
6	rather than two different terms for the same things.
7	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Then I'm
8	advocating "berth" since that seems to be more
9	frequently used.
LO	Anybody else on 920?
L1	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Well, we might want
L2	to check that.
L3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Check it? Okay.
L4	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: In other words, the
L5	Capital Yacht Club came to us and they said that they
L6	had a responsibility to house or host visiting yachts.
L7	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Right.
L8	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: So those are tied
L9	at the end of the pier at the Capital Yacht Club.
20	Forbes is in today, for instance.
21	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Right.
22	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Is that moorage
23	when you're at a dock and a berth is something
24	different with a dock at both ends, on both sides? Do
25	you know what I mean? Mooring to me is an anchor.

1	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Why don't we ask Mr.
2	Lawson to
3	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Yes, I think we
4	better check that before we
5	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: provide us with a
6	series of definitions of these terms so that we will
7	be using the right ones and we won't be missing
8	something that we want to include.
9	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: And solicit a
10	comment as a result.
11	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes. And to that
12	list, you can add the word "clubhouse." Everybody
13	uses it, but, you know, if somebody had to say, "Oh,
14	that's definitely the clubhouse. That's definitely
15	not the clubhouse," I'm not sure that I'm thinking
16	when we get into measurements as it relates to the
17	caretaker's residence in the next section. I wanted
18	to know, I guess, because I had home occupation on my
19	mind when I was just coming out of the previous
20	section, and when we get to caretaker's residence, are
21	we intending that a home occupation would be permitted
22	in the caretaker's residence?
23	MR. LAWSON: It wasn't my intention.
24	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. That's fine
25	with me. I just wanted I think we should say that.

1	Okay. Anybody else on caretaker's
2	residence?
3	(No response.)
4	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: How about parking
5	spaces W-0. I think did everybody get the revision
6	that Mr. Bergstein had suggested?
7	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: No.
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: We need some
9	additional copies of that.
LO	I think this again is just trying to add
L1	some clarity to the language, the changes. Am I
L2	right, Mr. Bergstein?
L3	MR. BERGSTEIN: Yes. And the one where I
L4	left out in what would be Subsection A is, after the
L5	word "economically," the word "practicable" should be
L6	in there.
L7	But yes, it was an attempt to first define
L8	what the test is separately from the elements that
L9	actually allow an applicant to prove the test, and
20	arguably it's not even necessary to state the test,
21	but only these criteria if these are the only criteria
22	that are to be used. But I think this test has been
23	used elsewhere in the zoning regulations, so I think
24	it's fine to keep it.
25	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. And one of the

1	things that I wanted to ask the Office of Planning to
2	think about for us is we talk about the opportunity to
3	locate the parking spaces elsewhere and so forth, but
4	we have these requirements in Chapter 21 about what
5	constitutes a parking space that can be a surface
6	parking space that can be counted for the required
7	parking, and I wanted to ask you to give some thought
8	to whether or not we could have some provision in here
9	that would allow that surface to not be an impervious
10	surface since we want to encourage people, you know,
11	to be more creative close to the water, and then we
12	might want to expand that to maybe the other W zones,
13	but for now we'll just deal with it here.
14	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Madam Chair, let
15	me just ask, do we have a setback and if we do, I
16	may have missed a setback for parking spaces for
17	a lot, parking lot? Most waterfronts, I believe the
18	parking lots are set back a certain amount of feet.
19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Well, we do have the
20	setback provisions that we haven't gotten to.
21	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: But I mean
22	specifically for well, maybe I can wait.
23	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: No, that's a good
24	question.

VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD:

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Maybe I'll wait

1	until we get there.
2	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
3	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Maybe that's the
4	appropriate time. Hopefully I won't forget.
5	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. But your point
6	is a good point, because when we get to that, and
7	we'll just remind ourselves with a little note here,
8	it says that the setback will apply to any building or
9	structure, and I don't think a surface parking lot,
10	even though that's not that's going to be an
11	accessory use, the setback would not apply. Am I
L2	right about that? Is that your understanding?
13	MR. LAWSON: Yes, that's my understanding.
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. So we will
15	have to talk about that.
16	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Do we need to deal
17	with it now or later?
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Let's talk about it
19	when we get to the setback.
20	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay.
21	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. What is strip
22	zoning? I understand what shallow zoning depth is,
23	but strip zoning, I was wondering what that was.
24	MS. STEINGASSER: This is a reference used
25	from Chapter 22, the regular parking restrictions.

1 It's my understanding that it means a small narrow strip of zoning that you often see along street 2 3 fronts, may be defined as being only 50 feet back from a right of way, just a small strip of zoning. 4 5 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I see. Okay. Anybody have questions about 922? Okay. 6 7 Any other questions? 8 (No response.) 9 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Another term that I 10 was hoping you would define for us, just how will it be defined if we use our normal means, is what's 11 12 runoff? I mean, I know what you mean, but if we don't 13 define from, how is it going to end up 14 interpreted for us? 15 In 922.2, it says, "All or a portion of required parking spaces can be reduced or eliminated 16 for these reasons." One is (b), "The type or location 17 18 of the facility results in diminished demand 19 parking," but it doesn't say relative to what. 2.0 you have something in mind there, or do you want to 21 respond to that later? 22 MR. LAWSON: Sorry. I'm not sure I 23 understand the question. Is this a question about the word "facility"? 24

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN:

MR. LAWSON: Sorry.

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CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: It says that, according to this section, you can be relieved of your requirement for all or a portion of your parking spaces if the type or location of facility results in diminished demand for parking, and I'm saying the diminished demand is relative to what? Do you follow me? Because it has to be -- you know, you're saying, "Oh, this is going to result in less demand," but it's less demand than what?

MR. LAWSON: I guess less demand than what would normally be required for one of these, and I guess an example would be a boathouse that's associated with an existing -- with an existing facility that already provides parking, such as a university.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.

MR. LAWSON: So that would be a facility, a related facility as well as a location; in other words, it's anticipated that most users would be able to reasonably walk to the facility rather than drive to it, which gets to location.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. You're thinking ahead, I think, to a specific case. So it results in a diminished demand for parking than would

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1	otherwise be expected for a facility of that type?
2	MR. LAWSON: Or anticipated by
3	otherwise anticipated by the zoning.
4	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. I know between
5	you and Mr. Bergstein, we're going to get something in
6	there.
7	Okay. Anybody else in 922?
8	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: 922.2(a). I guess
9	existing is I was thinking of adjacent parkland.
10	"Existing" sounds like the wrong modifier for that, as
11	though maybe it won't be existing in the future or
12	something.
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Adjacent.
14	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Adjacent.
15	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Anything else
16	in 922?
17	(No response.)
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay, 923, special
19	exception review criteria.
20	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I have had trouble
21	I was going to ask this during the hearing, but
22	923.3 seems to it says "should be located entirely
23	on the shore directly in front of the moorage berths."
24	Why does it what does "directly" mean? If you had
25	five piers going down to the water with mooring

	bertins, do you simply mean it has to be somewhere
2	within the footprint of those five and not down the
3	block?
4	MR. LAWSON: That's the general intent,
5	yes.
6	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: But it shouldn't
7	spread across all of those moorage berths, piers.
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: How about "shall be
9	located entire on shore adjacent to the moorage
10	berths," and there we have "moorage" and "berth" in
11	the same thing. How about "adjacent to"?
12	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Well, that implies
13	the neighbor's property. So I guess "directly" is
14	okay.
15	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. A lot of those
16	in 923, it's got to say "shall," but I've got some
17	editorial stuff to suggest, too.
18	Anybody else on 923?
19	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: 923.5. Oh, I'm
20	sorry. I'm okay. I made a note and then sorry
21	about that.
22	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. 924, special
23	exception application requirements.
24	MR. BERGSTEIN: Could I just go back to
25	923 and explain the "will" as opposed to the "shall"?
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Because that was my choice. These are the criteria that the applicant must prove, so the use of the word "shall" I didn't believe was appropriate because "shall" connotes something that absolutely has to be complied with in terms of how you would construct something rather than these are actually what the applicant must prove. That's why the lead-in language says that the applicant has the burden of proof that these standards are met. So the applicant must prove that the buildings and structures and land -- uses on land will be located, they can't prove they shall be located.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.

MR. BERGSTEIN: So that's why the "shall" was turned to "will."

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Always nice to learn something new about the appropriate use of the English language.

Okay. 924, special exception application requirements. In 924.1(c), and I notice that you picked some of these up from the recommendations of the Natural Resources Defense Council, in (c), instead of "most common species," they used "most abundant species," which I think is actually better because common is like the dandelions and stuff, and maybe

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1 that's not really what we're going for, you know? COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Now, what you mean 2 3 here, as I understand it, is a survey plan which just shows the outline of existing vegetation as opposed to 4 5 what we do in the tree and slope overlay, where they come in and measure all the trees. 6 I mean, it's just 7 to show the bulk of masses of planting? 8 MR. LAWSON: That was the intent, yes. COMMISSIONER PARSONS: think that's 9 Ι 10 reasonable. Okay. And "abundant" I think is good. I'm concerned about (f) and (g) if we 11 12 could go to 24.2. Two things concern me here, one 13 that this is almost putting the Zoning Commission or the BZA into an area of expertise they don't have. 14 15 said almost. They don't have this. And the second 16 thing is why at this level of mapping do we need the capacity of existing utilities and water connections 17 18 and all these details? 19 I mean, this is really a mapping case with 2.0 a PUD-like application, but this goes beyond what we 21 asked for most PUD applicants. Admittedly, this is a 22 shoreline of the river and very sensitive area, but I 23 don't understand the need for all of this. And they 24 said?

MR. LAWSON: We conferred and then we said

of the main reasons we put this in is we wanted to make sure that the information was kind of amassed by the applicant and supplied to the Commission or to the BZA for referral to the appropriate agencies so that Department of Health or depending on the specifics, or DDOT or OP or whoever, would have the information they would need to give the Zoning Commission or the BZA a very preliminary look at whether or not what they are proposing would have significant harmful impacts.

We certainly had many debates amongst ourselves with Corp Counsel on the level of information that was appropriate to be asked for, though, so I understand the question.

COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Well, I think this is a strange precedent to be setting. I mean, why wouldn't we begin to require this of applicants for other purposes or PUDs, for example?

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I think your concern is a good one because once you start asking for information, it implies that you want the BZA or the Zoning Commission to do something with the information, and if it's not our role to use the information, then it's the agency or whatever who's doing a review farther down the line that should be

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60 1 asking for it and not giving the impression that the Zoning Commission or BZA is going to do something 2 3 about it. 4 So are you advocating the deletion of (f) 5 and (g), then, Mr. Parsons? COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I guess 6 was 7 trying to be less specific about it. I mean --8 MR. LAWSON: Just as a suggestion, because 9 we have had these debates amongst ourselves and I 10 certainly understand where you're coming from with 11 this issue, perhaps, for example, in (f), if we simply 12 ask for the location of such facilities, which I think 13 is germane to the overall layout and character of a 14 development, and not necessarily ask for the specifics

of the capacity and the design, maybe that would

address some of Commissioner Parson's concerns. 16

> CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Some of the information is already asked for in (a). For instance, in 924.2(a), you ask about the utilities; that's in (a). And then it went further in (f). (g), you ask about storm water management; that's also in (a). So, you know, it seemed like some of those things were just being fleshed out in greater detail in (f) and (g); it's not that they are completely not addressed elsewhere.

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MS. STEINGASSER: I was going to suggest if the specificity of the two subsections makes the Commission uncomfortable, our intent was to try to flesh out some preliminary information so that the referral agencies could give an informed recommendation or an informed response to the BZA or the Commission.

Perhaps we could state something more generic like "other information as may be requested by referral agencies," and then it would be left more to the referral agencies to ask for what they need to provide the Commission with a response rather than requiring it within the zoning text.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I think that would be fine except that I think we need to say, and maybe we should -- we can either say it there or we can say it in 925.1, which is I think we have to -- we have to define what expectation we have particularly of the Department of Health in making a recommendation at this stage, because we're saying specifically this doesn't substitute for another review down the line. So what kind of review do we really expect? How are we expecting them to weigh in in a meaningful way for the Zoning Commission or the BZA, so that they know very clearly, "Okay, this is what is expected of me at

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1	this point. I know it's expected of me at the
2	environmental impact assessment point" or whatever.
3	And then that way, they will know what kinds of
4	information they might want to see at this stage so
5	that what language you have proposed would then be
6	meaningful. Do you follow me? Otherwise, they're
7	just going to say, "Well, show me everything you
8	always show me and then I'll" you know.
9	How does that sound, Mr. Parsons?
10	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: What specifically
11	would you do, then?
12	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Well, I don't have
13	anything to suggest at the moment, but what I'm
14	suggesting is that Office of Planning help us
15	determine what exactly is it that we are expecting
16	particularly from the Department of Health at this
17	juncture when the application is before the Board or
18	the Commission as distinct from farther down the line
19	when they do their environmental
20	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Well, (f) and (g)
21	to me are building permit requirements; they are not
22	zoning requirements.
23	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
24	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Period. So I would

take them out and leave (a), which is the kind of

thing we should be looking at.

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CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Let's do that. For the time being, we will take them out, and then if you have something to propose by way of additional language, we will consider that in final action. We will also ask you to supplement 925.1 in some way so that it's clear what's expected at this juncture.

VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Madam Chair, we're on 925.1. I guess I want to know why that's there at that point, at that juncture. I understand the referral, but I would think that the referral to the agencies would have happened long before final action. I'm just not clear of anything any different than what we're already doing.

MR. BERGSTEIN: It is template language and I understand what you are saying, Mr. Hood. would normally expect it before the to say commencement of a hearing. But we did use the normal language that's used for referrals, but can certainly tweak it to say before the commencement of the hearing. That would be the alternative.

VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: For example, Mr. Bergstein, if the Board of Zoning Adjustment -- I see how it can apply. If the Board of Zoning Adjustment wants to do a bench decision, then that would stop

them from doing that before they get this other information. That's just the way I looked at how we were trying to get to it. But on the Zoning Commission's standpoint, the way we deal with it, like we said earlier, it happens before we the to this juncture, I think, and I would hope it would happen long before. Then we would have input, especially of the Office of Planning and other agencies, early on, with maybe some supplementals later.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: And I think that's why the Office of Planning needs to define what we want at this stage, because as Mr. Parsons was pointing out, you know, these -- we get to increasing levels of detail, and when they are before the Board or the Commission, they don't have the same level of detail as they do when they are ready to go for a building permit, and that's when some of these other reviews take place.

So what is it that we want early in the process from them as distinct from the later review that they will clearly have when they are at the building permit stage and so forth?

VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: I wonder if we can even legislate that because I believe each case will be different. I'm looking here at what we just did

	with (1) and (9) where I in in agreement. Then I come
2	down to 925.2, and it seems like we're all back into
3	it again. But it more or less I believe explains what
4	Commissioner Parsons was speaking of about being so
5	specific in (f) and (g).
6	I guess this question I would ask
7	Commissioner Parsons: Is he satisfied 925.2? If
8	that's in order, Madam Chair.
9	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Yes. I'm waiting
10	for the Chair to rephrase your question so I can
11	answer it.
12	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: You didn't
13	understand my question?
14	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Yes.
15	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay.
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: And I think he said
17	yes.
18	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Oh. Okay. So you
19	don't have a problem with that.
20	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: With 95.2?
21	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: 925.2.
22	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: 925.2.
23	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Uh-huh.
24	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay.
25	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: What I would like to

1	propose that we do now is that we adjourn this special
2	public meeting, take a five-minute break so we can
3	start our hearing on time I don't anticipate that
4	the hearing is going to take a lot of time this
5	evening and then reconvene the special public
6	meeting so that we can wrap up the rest of our
7	discussion. Is that amenable to the Commission?
8	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: That's a wise thing
9	to do.
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: All right. Then we
11	will for the moment adjourn the special public meeting
12	of April 28th.
13	(Whereupon, at 6:36 p.m., the special
14	public meeting recessed and reconvened at 7:14 p.m.)
15	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: All right. I think
16	we left off and we were in Section 925, and we were
17	asking the Office of Planning to help define what type
18	of input we would be seeking from the Department of
19	Health at this juncture, and as well as
20	Transportation, as opposed to something that would
21	take place farther down in the building-permitting
22	process. So are there any other comments about
23	Section 925 before we move on?
24	(No response.)
25	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Well, then,

let's go to 926, which is going to be reordered to help this chapter be easier to understand, but let's deal with it where it is at the moment.

COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I wanted to referring to the memo that Arnold & Porter, Mr. Gross, wrote to us on April 4th, he is proposing flexibility, and where I'm not sure we want to give flexibility in the broad scope that he has, I would ask consideration of a lesser circumstance, which is the circumstance in which the Federal Government, especially the Park Service, would make land available to a private organization to build a boathouse and would want to restrict the land given to erect that boathouse, that if we sideyard requirements, use the the FAR requirements, the general requirements that are provided in these regulations, too much parkland would have to be taken for the project. I don't mean that in every circumstance, but certainly foreseeable.

So I would suggest a modification to that, and I will read it to you. This is my suggestion: The Commission shall have the option to approve a lesser dimension or amount compared to the normal requirement if the property is surrounded by National Park Service land.

That may be a quick first draft, but it

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1	gets to my point. And that would be inserted in here
2	as a (c) under 926.2(a) and (b) there.
3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. So we would be
4	preserving some modest degree of flexibility in all
5	circumstances and then we had this greater degree of
6	flexibility if there is surrounding parkland.
7	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Correct.
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. That sounds
9	fine to me.
10	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Are we doing away
11	with (a) and (b)?
12	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: No.
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: No.
14	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Oh.
15	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: This is going to be a
16	(c).
17	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: (c)? Okay. I
18	agree.
19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: One thing that I
20	agree with that and now I want to ask another
21	question, which is in 926.2, the standard, I think, is
22	the same standard that we use in planned unit
23	developments, and the language being the flexibility
24	has to be essential to the successful functioning of
25	the project, and that standard, to my mind, has never

been met. So I guess I wonder if -- it's a very high standard if it's implemented, but people with some degree of regularity have just, you know, asked for it and gotten it without ever meeting that standard. So I guess what I would like to know is how serious are we about the flexibility. Is this really something that has to be essential, or is this like, well, if you make a good argument, we'll give it to you, in which case saying that something is essential to the successful functioning of the project really implies a higher standard than we might intend to apply.

Anybody have any thoughts about that?

VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Normally we usually use that clause "good cause"? I don't know if this would be applicable to what you're talking about. Actually, I was thinking we would go down that road and I don't like going down that road because we --sometimes you don't know where the standard is, how high you want to make the standard. So it seems that "good cause" has always worked in the past. Well, supposedly has worked in the past.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I don't know if this is the right circumstance to use "good cause." Let me just ask Mr. Bergstein to weigh in. I mean, it seems like we use "good cause" when we say to somebody,

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_	well, if you come to up for all execuption of a
2	deadline" or something, that that's good cause, not
3	sort of circumstances, you know, design-related
4	things. But it may be a proper standard. I don't
5	know.
6	MR. BERGSTEIN: Well, actually, I was
7	going to I think you're right. I think "good
8	cause" implies where there are extenuating
9	circumstances. It's an excuse: I would have done
10	this but for" rather than, you know, "I either need
11	this because I'm deserving of this because this will
12	enhance the project," or "I need this because I can't
13	do it without this," or some I think that's the
14	spectrum and you have to decide where on that spectrum
15	you want to put this.
16	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: How about if we
17	went the other direction and said that if application
18	of the conditions I mean of the regulations would
19	result in a dysfunctional project. In other words,
20	they've got to prove that our regulations would result
21	in a dysfunctional project instead of successful
22	functioning of the project.
23	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I like that. I like
24	that
25	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I don't know what I

_	mean by dystunctional, but you've got to prove
2	something
3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes. I mean I like
4	the direction that you're going in, because then it
5	means that they have to, as sort of a baseline, they
6	have to show what conformity looks like and why that
7	doesn't work.
8	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Right.
9	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes, I like that.
10	Let's see. How about "May authorize the following if
11	
12	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: "The strict
13	application of the regulations result in a
14	dysfunctional project."
15	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Rather than say
16	"dysfunctional," how about I would want to go so
17	far as to say "infeasible."
18	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: All right. Okay.
19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: That's a high
20	standard.
21	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Yes.
22	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. And then we
23	can dress up the rest of that language there. Okay.
24	Anyone else on 926?
25	(No response.)

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. 930.

VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: I'm concerned about the height. We're trying to be -- I believe we're trying to be more restrictive in the W-O.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes.

VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: And we're doing the same thing that we do in the W-1. I'm just throwing this out here for discussion. I was thinking more like it should be 30 feet, because you want to be able to see the water, at least to some point, so I think the closer we get to the water, and I may be totally off left field, but I would think the closer you get, we should come down in height, and I just don't see us having the same height in a more restrictive zone. That's just my view on that.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I see your point and I'm not disagreeing with your point; I just want to add something to the discussion, which is W-O is mapped or potentially going to be mapped on waterfront parcels. W-1 is mapped on waterfront parcels. W-2 is mapped on waterfront parcels. W-3 is presently mapped on waterfront parcels. So it's not like W-O is going to be on the waterfront and these other things are going to be behind it, away from the water. We do have some relatively -- the potential for some

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1	relatively tall buildings actually on waterfronting
2	parcels. But I take your point that, you know, we're
3	typically we combine reduced density and reduced
4	height.
5	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: But I still think,
6	though, and while I understand W-1 may be just as
7	close as W-0, I still think, though, I would like to
8	see us and again, you know, if not, I'm not going
9	to push it, but maybe bring it down to at least 35 to
10	30 feet in height.
11	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I wonder if the
12	next provision wouldn't get to your point. If
13	something is right at the water's edge or over the
14	water, it's going to be restricted to 25 feet in
15	height, and keep in mind, most of the structures are
16	going to be set back 75 feet.
17	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: That's for else I
18	want to bring up when we get there.
19	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Oh.
20	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: The setback.
21	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: But I think there's
22	recognition of what you're talking about here. The
23	closer you get to the water, the lower you've got to
24	be.
25	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Right. Where are

1	you looking?
2	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Right after the
3	chart, 930.2.
4	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay. Okay. Yes,
5	I think that will take care of that, I think, but then
6	it goes back to the setback issue.
7	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: That's on the next
8	page.
9	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Yes, that's the
10	next page. So I will wait until the next page.
11	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Now, didn't we
12	learn in the tree and slope, or don't you already
13	know, but I don't know, that our lowest height in
14	Residential R-1 is 40 feet?
15	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: It is 40 feet, yes.
16	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: This is the lowest
17	height in the city, right? Forty feet?
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes, 40 feet is the
19	lowest. Well, the other thing is there's a tension
20	that exists between the height, the density, and the
21	lot occupancy, so as you start squeezing, you know,
22	lot occupancy and you want to provide a certain amount
23	of density, it's got to go somewhere; otherwise,
24	people won't ever be able to develop that amount of

density. So, you know, it's fairly restrictive on the

_	Tot occupancy except, you know, for these marina,
2	yacht club, boathouse, which we can talk about as
3	well.
4	So if you have a combination of .5 FAR,
5	which is not that much density, and you have the
6	potential to put that in a footprint that's .25, you
7	know, 25 percent of the land area, then you don't have
8	you're restricting the envelope and then where they
9	can put it, there's just not a whole lot of
LO	opportunity for changes in design; it's pretty narrow.
L1	So the height, I think, is supposed to give them more
L2	ways of getting the density within a relatively small
L3	footprint and being able to claim it all.
L4	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Maybe I will be
L5	able to address it in the setback.
L6	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Well, we can
L7	come back to it.
L8	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Yes, if we need
L9	to.
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Okay. I just
21	this may be a term of art and I just don't know it.
22	In 930.2, it says, "normal high water mark." Is
23	there another kind of high water mark? What does that
24	is that a term of art?
) 5	MP IAWSON: That is actually a term that

1	is used in many jurisdictions, but I believe that
2	Corporation Counsel has done some research on this and
3	is recommending better, more consistent wording with
4	the situation in D.C.
5	MR. BERGSTEIN: Unfortunately, Ms. Monroe,
6	who wrote that and I thought e-mailed the language to
7	you, isn't here, and I don't have that.
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. So maybe we
9	can pick that up between proposed and final.
LO	MR. BERGSTEIN: Actually, I do have it, if
L1	you wish.
L2	MR. LAWSON: I authorized her to send it
L3	to you. I just didn't memorize it.
L 4	MR. BERGSTEIN: I'm sorry. I do have the
L5	e-mail from Ms. Monroe. She is recommending the term
L6	"mean high tide mark" or "mean high tide level" as
L7	stated in Section 107.6 as being a determinable point
L8	which has been traditionally used for measurement
L9	purposes.
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. So elsewhere
21	
22	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: "Mean" is a much
23	better term than "norma."
24	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Elsewhere in the
25	ordinance, we use "mean high tide mark"?

	MR. DAWSON: I CHILIR SHE MEANS ACCUALTY
2	"mean high water level" is used in Section 107.
3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. "Mean high
4	water level." Okay. So that will replace "normal
5	high water mark" in 930.2.
6	MR. LAWSON: Yes, it would.
7	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Anything else
8	
9	MS. STEINGASSER: If I may, Madam Chair,
10	just to add to the confusion, with the EEF language,
11	we use the phrase "mean high tide."
12	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I guess we weren't as
13	discerning, because we were hoping that no one would
14	put one near the water, and we will continue to hope
15	that.
16	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Those are almost
17	synonymous.
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Okay.
19	COMMISSIONER HANNAHAM: You can go to tide
20	tables. You can go to the tide tables, so it's really
21	a special, you know, discrete and identifiable level.
22	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Okay. Anyone
23	else on anything in 930, Section 930?
24	(No response.)
25	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. 931, floor

area ratio. I had a question. I understand that it
has been determined that in some cases, we have
jurisdiction over the water, and this measurement
I'm not sure that what is being said I think I know
what is being intended, but I'm not sure that it's
being expressed completely accurately in 931.1(b), but
my question, which is beyond the scope of what is in
front of us but I think is an important question, is,
is it intended that this manner of calculating density
is to be used wherever there is the opportunity to
construct on the water or in the water? In which
case, since we have land that's already zoned W-1, 2,
and 3, you know, is this something that we should
explore about, is there some water that is actually
zoned or potentially zoned W-1, 2, or 3, and is this
the way we want to measure the density there, and then
how is that identified legally? Because I'm guessing
I mean, Mr. Bergstein, are lots a lot, a record
lot, is that only fast land or can that be something
in the water, too?

MR. BERGSTEIN: Well, Ms. Monroe told me there are such things as riparian lots, but I did not investigate, because this was not the tact that was taken, I did not investigate whether or not the surveyor is authorized to establish squares and lots

experience, that has been done in other jurisdictions. 2 3 I didn't research the question of 4 whether or not the surveyor would be authorized to 5 record those types of lots because my understanding is 6 that the approach OP was taking was not to actually 7 require lots over the water, but to relate the density 8 to the lot that was on the land. So I did not research that question. 9 10 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I guess the reason just take this 11 I'm asking is because -- let me 12 incrementally. We have jurisdiction -- in some 13 circumstances, we have jurisdiction over water, yes? 14 MR. BERGSTEIN: Yes. 15 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. So then we have to have a way of legally defining the water that 16 17 we have jurisdiction over. Yes? 18 MR. BERGSTEIN: Well, the boundary of the 19 zone extends over the water. The question you are 2.0 asking is whether or not within that area is necessary to define that area by lots and squares. 21 22 that what you're asking? Because I don't know if it 23 is based upon this approach, which is just saying that anything over the water that's within the boundaries 24

over water, although from Ms. Monroe's research and

of the zone is subject to these requirements, but we

25

will figure out their compliance in relationship with the lots that they are adjacent to.

So therefore, taking that approach, it's not necessary to do lots and square, but it would be necessary to do that if you're actually trying to define those characteristics of lot occupancy and FAR and even side yards in relationship to a given lot that's actually -- which these structures are actually situated on.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Well, I quess I'm just I'm not at the moment even necessarily addressing myself to the floor area ratio question; I'm thinking more broadly, which is, don't we have to have a mechanism of defining the area, whether it's squares and lots or whatever it is, some kind of legal description of the over which area jurisdiction, because somebody do can start something and we can't say -- I mean, say there are areas where we have the jurisdiction and areas where we don't, which I don't know what those would be, but somebody oh, that action, that has to know, construction requires zoning, and in another area, it doesn't, or you have to have zoning up to 50 feet from the bulkhead, but you don't have to have it beyond. mean, don't we have to have the answers to that at

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1	some point?
2	MR. BERGSTEIN: I'm trying to follow what
3	you're saying. Section 107.6 tells you how to draw
4	the District boundary lines in the case of tidal water
5	areas, which is what we were relying on here.
6	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. 107.6. Just a
7	second.
8	MR. BERGSTEIN: And the only question in
9	our minds is whether or not that instruction for how
10	you draw the zone district boundary lines would be
11	useful here for W-0 if it encompasses all the
12	situations, or if you need to refine that somewhat.
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
14	MR. BERGSTEIN: But from reading this, I
15	assumed that someone was capable of creating a map
16	that did this.
17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
18	MR. BERGSTEIN: And maybe has.
19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Where do you think
20	that map might be?
21	MR. BERGSTEIN: I don't know if any of the
22	current areas of the District I don't know if there
23	is any areas that have been mapped in association with
24	tidal water areas. I'm just thinking that if there
25	were then they would have had to have followed this

but I don't know what they are, or even if, in 1958 when I assume this was -- let's see, actually. It was promulgated in 1958 and then amended in 2000. That was probably the editorial changes. So it may well have been that in 1958, there were boundaries that actually were drawn in this way because, you know, this may not have just been a purely hypothetical exercise in '58. So I just don't know the answer. But these are the instructions for drawing it.

COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Let me help confuse you.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.

COMMISSIONER PARSONS: When the Federal took the District from the State Government Maryland, when it took the jurisdiction of the bed of the Potomac and Anacostia Rivers, because unlike other rivers, that's not divided down the thread of the That is, the State of Maryland owns all the way to the Virginia shore. So the bed of the Potomac is owned by the Federal Government, and therefore any construction in it requires permits from the Federal Government, except along the Southwest waterfront where, when the urban renewal area was established, I believe by Congress, they gave the jurisdiction to the District of Columbia for the first 250 feet to the bed

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1	of the river. So we may have some unusual
2	responsibilities along the Southwest waterfront,
3	especially now that the urban renewal plan no longer
4	exists, that we don't have, say, in Anacostia.
5	Now, if you went to Florida Rock, for
6	instance, there's a pier head line excuse me a
7	bulkhead line and they filled out to the bulkhead
8	line. That's how they got their 75 feet, by filling
9	in the river.
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
11	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: So now we have
12	jurisdiction as a Zoning Commission over that.
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
14	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: The Federal
15	Government no longer does because it gave permission
16	to fill in the river.
17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
18	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Is that helpful?
19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: A little. Let me
20	just ask
21	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Anyway, I think
22	it's worth looking at because we may want to treat the
23	Southwest waterfront differently and therefore have
24	some provisions in our regulations, if the District of
25	Columbia has jurisdiction over the bed of the river,

1	da-da, da-da.
2	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
3	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: We may want to do
4	some lot lining and so forth.
5	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
6	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: But I don't think
7	we could do that, you know, in Georgetown.
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Is the
9	Washington Channel tidal?
10	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Yes.
11	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Okay.
12	Back to 931.1. Thank you all for your
13	contributions to my knowledge. Okay. So there is
14	still a question that we need to address for another
15	day, which is do we only want this type of density
16	measurement to apply in W-O, or do we want it to also
17	apply in those other instances where we have some
18	other zone on the waterfront? That's one point, but
19	for this exercise, the idea is you take the gross
20	floor area of the buildings that are on the land on a
21	lot, and is it the idea that any and any building
22	or structure that is on the adjacent the water
23	adjacent to that lot? Is that the idea?
24	MR. LAWSON: That's correct.
25	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. And then you

	divide it by the area of the fast fand fot.
2	MR. LAWSON: That's correct. It
3	essentially allows a landowner to put some of their
4	square footage out over water if they could get all of
5	the approvals that would be required. It would be a
6	difficult thing to do anyway, but it would leave that
7	option open. But if they did that, there would be a
8	corresponding less amount of square footage on the
9	land portion.
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Right. Okay. And it
11	also is what is an assumption that underlies is
12	that the lot on the fast land and the adjacent water
13	are in common ownership, whatever those rights are,
14	that they are owned by the person.
15	MR. LAWSON: There certainly is an
16	assumption that there would not be a separate
17	development from that's not associated with land
18	located out on the water, you're correct.
19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. And then let
20	me just ask Mr. Bergstein a question to save me
21	looking up the definition of "structure."
22	Is there any way that a floating home is
23	going to be considered as having gross floor area, and
24	do we want that or not?
25	MR. BERGSTEIN: Are you asking me if I

1	would want
2	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: No. I'm asking you,
3	under our definitions I know it's not a building,
4	but would it be considered a structure, because
5	typically gross floor area, or I think maybe perhaps
6	by definition, is only associated with a building.
7	This is saying "structure."
8	Would a floating home be such a structure
9	that we would be calculating density for?
10	MR. BERGSTEIN: Off the top of my head, I
11	don't know why it would not be considered a structure
12	or building, for that matter.
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Why it would not?
14	MR. BERGSTEIN: Why it would not.
15	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
16	Mr. Lawson, is it your intention that
17	floating homes would be contributing density?
18	MR. LAWSON: It was actually specifically
19	our intention that they not contribute to density.
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
21	Back to you, Mr. Bergstein.
22	MR. LAWSON: So may be that we need to put
23	something in there exempting floating home from
24	specifically exempting floating homes just to make
25	sure that's clear.

1	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Otherwise, the
2	density calculation would constantly be changing as
3	homes were floating off to another destination. I
4	guess it would be kind of like a trailer park, you
5	know, right? Kind of like that.
6	MR. BERGSTEIN: I guess we can work out
7	how to do this, but there is a definition for
8	building, there is a definition for structure, so we
9	can all either exempt it from this provision that
10	actually discusses FAR or just exempt it from the
11	definition of building and structure so it's clear
12	that it's not.
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
14	MR. BERGSTEIN: I'll also review those
15	definitions to see if perhaps it wouldn't be included
16	anyway and we don't need to do anything.
17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Thank you.
18	Anyone else in 931, floor area?
19	(No response.)
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: All right.
21	Percentage of lot occupancy, 932. There is a fair
22	amount of flexibility included here for recreational
23	use, marina, yacht club, or boathouse buildings and
24	structures, because they would be afforded 50 percent
25	lot occupancy whereas every other use would have only

	25 percent.
2	My first question is what is a
3	recreational use? Because everything that we think is
4	so easily understood is not always, as we have learned
5	with eating and drinking establishments.
6	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Well, doesn't
7	marina, yacht club or boathouse define recreational
8	use? If it does, we ought to take "recreational use"
9	out of here.
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I think perhaps
11	well, I will let Mr. Lawson address that.
12	MR. LAWSON: There is an existing
13	definition for recreational building or use.
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Oh, there is?
15	MR. LAWSON: Yes. In the zoning
16	regulations.
17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Well, let's see what
18	that is.
19	MR. LAWSON: I can read that.
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Would you do that for
21	us?
22	MR. LAWSON: Sure. "Any establishment
23	providing facilities for recreation, including but not
24	limited to picnicking, boating, fishing, bicycling,
25	tennis, and activities incidental to the foregoing but

	not including golf, driving ranges, or any mechanical
2	amusement device."
3	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Bet you we got a
4	lot of those in the District of Columbia.
5	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
6	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: But we could have.
7	I guess that answers your question.
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
9	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: We are all learning
10	a lot here today.
11	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: It's fascinating.
12	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I never heard of
13	that.
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. And the lot
15	occupancy would be calculated sort of the same way as
16	the density would be calculated where if there is
17	something on the water, the footprint of that building
18	is going to count against the lot occupancy of the
19	adjacent lot. That's 932.2(b). So any comments or
20	questions about 932?
21	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: No, thank you.
22	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: All right. 933, rear
23	yards; 934, side yards. I just had a little addition
24	where it says "within the W-O district for any
25	building or structure located in whole or in part on

1	land," is what I would suggest to get so somebody
2	doesn't try and say, "Well, it's not entirely on land,
3	so I don't have a side yard requirement," although
4	most of it is, because I think that's our intention,
5	is to capture that.
6	Okay. So now we're at 935, the waterfront
7	setback, and so I don't forget, I just will remind us
8	all that Mr. Hood had raised a question about whether
9	the parking could be located in the required setback.
10	I'll ask if anybody has comments on the setback.
11	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: What is the
12	setback in the W-1 zone?
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I don't know that
14	there is a setback.
15	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: There is none.
16	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay. There is
17	none. No wonder I can't find it. Okay. All right.
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: We have a 75-foot
19	setback in the Capital Gateway overlay, however.
20	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay.
21	MR. LAWSON: And it may be in other zones
22	that some uses would require a setback as part of a
23	rear yard provision. I'm not sure how that
24	interpretation is done.
25	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.

1 VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: I guess my initial look at W-0 was that -- was 75 feet enough? That's 2 3 kind of just where I was. 4 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Right. Well, 5 certainly had testimony from -- let's see -- it was Defense 6 the Natural Resources Council that was 7 recommending 100 to 250 feet. 8 VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: That's kind of 9 exactly -- I was thinking more like 300, but that's 10 kind of the lines I was thinking, you know. 11 don't think 75 is enough. And I'm visualizing the 12 waterfront and I know how the Washington Harbour is, but I don't know if 75 feet -- it's not a whole lot. 13 14 I don't think so. 15 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I know what you're 16 saying. Maybe we can ask Mr. Lawson. I will just give a couple of 17 MR. LAWSON: 18 quick comments on that. 19 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. 2.0 Certainly the 75 feet was MR. LAWSON: 21 obviously chosen to correspond to Capital Gateway and 22 the setback, but it's also to recognize that the W-O 23 zone is not intended per se to be a preservation zone; 24 it is intended to be an urban park type zone that 25 allows a number of different kinds of uses, encourages

access to the waterfront, while minimizing impacts on the waterfront.

300 The feet and I'm not an environmentalist, so I can't speak to it as well as that group could, the 300-feet is starting to me to sound like a preservation type situation where you're preserve the waterfront in a to environment. That's not necessarily what we're trying to do over the entire length of the Anacostia and the Potomac Rivers. Certainly for vast stretches, that's absolutely true, and it may be that the W-O zone isn't even appropriate for those more preservation-type But for areas where we're encouraging use of the waterfront, access to the waterfront, people being able to get down there to see and experience the waterfront, we feel that -- OP feels that 75 feet is an appropriate setback that allows for the kinds of uses that we want to make sure occur, things like pathways, bicycle pathways, you know, that kind of stuff, without, you know, eliminating kind of the edge of the city, getting, you know, some proximity to the water.

VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Maybe I'm just visualizing something different. When we're dealing with these regs, I keep reflecting back on Virginia

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1	Beach and Atlantic City and the setback and the space
2	and all that kind of stuff. Maybe I'm confusing the
3	two. But 75 feet and what you're asking for is
4	access, to be able to get down to the waterfront, and
5	looking at the safety issue, if we have a lot of folks
6	down there, you know, you have a big event and you're
7	trying to get people to the waterfront, is 75 feet
8	enough for a big crowd? I mean, those are kind of
9	things that are actually going through my mind.
10	Three-hundred may be a little too much, but I would at
11	least maybe say a hundred.
12	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I would agree with
13	a hundred. I'm thinking the Inner Harbor of
14	Baltimore, before you get to the restaurants. You
15	need that kind of ample passage for not only every
16	day, but for celebrations
17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Can I just have you
18	turn towards the microphone, please?
19	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Is the Baltimore
20	Harbor about a hundred? Is it about a hundred feet,
21	Mr. Parsons?
22	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: That's what it
23	feels like to me, back to the restaurants, to the
24	buildings. It's less 75 just seems nothing
25	worse than guessing and providing testimony.

1 VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: We ought to switch 2 seats. 3 COMMISSIONER PARSONS: And if you recall, I think 75 came from Florida Rock. That's as far back 4 5 as they were willing to go. CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: And the idea is, just 6 7 following up on what Mr. Lawson said, is there is a 8 different dynamic at work, I think, for like a 9 Florida Rock kind of project than for the kind where 10 we're asking -- we're basically encouraging people to 11 come down to the water and perhaps, you know, have a 12 recreational use or whatever, whereas for Florida 13 Rock, we just want them not -- they are not going to 14 be actively promoting having people come there for the 15 use of the waterfront; we just want them to be not interfering with that in these other areas where we 16 17 might actually be promoting it. So a hundred sounds 18 fine. 19 COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I recall with

COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I recall with Florida Rock, they proposed these tent-like structures out for food service and so forth that were in the middle of that, and the W-O provides for that. So it's not just a hundred-foot-wide walking space.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. So we would like to go to a hundred on 935.1, would be 100 feet,

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and then the same in 935.3. It would be a hundred there, replacing 75. And is everyone comfortable with that minimum of 20 feet?

COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Well, yes and no. I was going to suggest in .2 why we didn't include boathouse, yacht club, marina, so forth? I mean, buildings that -- I guess in my view, in these areas where the public bike trail is not really welcome, you're better off to put the building closer to the water and put the bike trail behind it or the pedestrian-way behind it than into a situation where everything has to be fenced to avoid the public from getting onto the docks and so forth.

So I wondered why you left it at just public wharf, dock or pier, and water taxi.

MR. LAWSON: OP's thought process behind that was any significant structure should provide at least a minimum setback from the edge of the water, mostly in, you know, again in attempt to minimize impacts on environmental or long-term ecological impacts on the waterway itself. In other words, setting it back 20 feet allows at least a bit of a buffer partly during the construction process for efforts to minimize impacts on the river, but also during long-term operation. Just gives that little

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2	more direct access.
3	We would assume that most boathouses,
4	marinas, whatever, would be applying for that special
5	exception to go down to 20 feet or something close to
6	it, but we would like them to go through the process
7	of showing how they are doing that in ways that
8	minimize impacts and allow for, even more importantly,
9	for public access that we do want along the water in
10	those particular cases, how that access would be
11	adequately provided around the back of the building
12	and how they are designing to make the back of the
13	building an interesting environment, I guess, for
14	waterfront users.
15	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Okay. I
16	understand.
17	Now let's go to the term "public wharf,
18	dock, or pier." Are there any in the District of
19	Columbia?
20	MR. LAWSON: I don't believe so.
21	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: No.
22	MR. LAWSON: But perhaps there should be.
23	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Not yet, there are
24	not.
25	COMMISSIONER HANNAHAM: What about the

bit of a buffer, even for those uses that do require

1	fish mongers?
2	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I guess in a way
3	they are. All right. Let's leave it.
4	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. They're
5	getting hungry. They want to
6	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: You bet we are.
7	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. We got 936,
8	courts; 937, roof structures; Chapter 20; Chapter 21.
9	Speak up if you have anything.
10	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Well, let's talk
11	about these parking spaces.
12	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Oh, we forgot the
13	parking. I know that what you want to talk about is
14	Chapter 21, except that we had forgotten about what
15	Mr. Hood had raised about whether the surface parking
16	could be contained within the required setback under
17	935.
18	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I just wondered
19	what the genesis was of these, in a marina, one for
20	each four berths. Is that some standard you found
21	elsewhere? Because the trouble with marinas is on
22	Memorial Day, you need one for one. It's like
23	shopping at the mall on Thanksgiving.
24	MR. LAWSON: It actually is a very
25	difficult situation that all communities with marinas

1	have to deal with: How do you provide parking for the
2	infrequent major event without paving over your entire
3	waterfront area? And certainly my research experience
4	is that many communities require this level of parking
5	or slightly higher; some other communities require no
6	parking at all, and I don't know if they just leave it
7	to chance or what they do.
8	The one for each four berths, if memory
9	serves me right, and I would have to check, I believe
10	that's the existing regulation for boat clubs and
11	marinas, so I
12	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Oh.
13	MR. LAWSON: left that unchanged.
14	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Okay. And the
15	reason for the one space for every 2,000 square feet
16	of a boathouse is what?
17	MR. LAWSON: That's also really common
18	I shouldn't say really common those few areas that
19	regulate boathouses tend to do it that way. They tend
20	to regulate it on square footage because it's a
21	different kind of user that uses a boathouse.
22	Also, it related a little bit better to
23	how we regulate parking right now for other
24	recreation-type uses on the size of the building as
25	opposed to some other means that might be available

2	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I would also add
3	that, you know, the special exception requirements for
4	marinas and yacht clubs and boathouses are the
5	specifics of the different sections within Chapter 9,
6	but also 3104, which says that I believe it says
7	that the use shall not be objectionable because of
8	noise, traffic, blah, blah, and parking. So, you
9	know, if the issue is raised about large events, that
10	they will have to have some kind of parking management
11	plan as part of their thing.
12	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: It says so, yes.
13	MR. LAWSON: That's one of the specific
14	pieces of information that we would require ar
15	applicant to provide.
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: So I think we just
17	pick it up there.
18	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Can we go to
19	bicycle parking spaces, or are you not ready to move
20	on?
21	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I just don't want to
22	forget what Mr. Hood raised, which I think, to go back
23	to the setback, if I could just suggest
24	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: I was just going
25	to ask you to refresh my memory because I have

for regulating parking.

1	actually forgotten.
2	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. I think your
3	point was should we allow the required parking to be
4	located in the required setback, and I think the
5	answer is no, because the setback doesn't a setback
6	doesn't normally apply to
7	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I thought 2116.1
8	did that.
9	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: 2116.1.
10	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: The next one,
11	location of parking spaces. Should be located on the
12	same lot.
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes, on the same lot,
14	but there is a required setback on that lot. So the
15	question is, the building is going to be set back, the
16	building or structure is going to be set back.
17	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Okay.
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: So what we could do
19	is just, say, in 935.1, just add a sentence that says,
20	"The required parking shall not be located within the
21	setback area."
22	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Okay.
23	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
24	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: I agree.
25	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.

1	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: But it can come
2	behind maybe a building or structure?
3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes.
4	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Sure.
5	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay. Right.
6	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Bicycle
7	parking.
8	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I just wondered
9	what "one suitably designed and sited bicycle rack
10	parking space" means? In other words, the way it
11	reads to me, one bicycle is required in that rack.
12	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: That's per ten
13	berths.
14	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: No, I that's one
15	bike per ten berths?
16	MR. LAWSON: It's essentially one bike
17	rack space per ten berths.
18	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Oh, space, bike
19	rack space.
20	MR. LAWSON: Yes.
21	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Maybe that's what
22	should be
23	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: One suitably designed
24	and sited bicycle rack parking space.
25	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I didn't read.

1	Excuse me. Moving on. Thank you for reading aloud to
2	me.
3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I'm glad that you
4	care about bicycle parking spaces.
5	Okay. Chapter 22, off-street loading.
6	Chapter 24, planned unit development procedures. 25,
7	miscellaneous zoning requirements. Chapter
8	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Wait. You're going
9	too fast for me.
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Oh. Sorry.
11	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Excuse me. I'm
12	going too slow for you. Did you go by Chapter 24,
13	planned unit development procedures?
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes.
15	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I'm very concerned
16	about a total of two acres being a requirement.
17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: What would you like?
18	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I mean, a two-acre
19	marina and I realize this is applying to R-1, R-2,
20	R-3. I don't know what I want, but two acres is an
21	enormous marina.
22	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Well, I think you
23	know, we've had debates in the past about whether or
24	not we should even have the minimum area requirements
25	anymore, and wouldn't it be desirable if someone

1	wanted to do something in W-O that they would have the
2	sort of maximum amount of scrutiny that you would get
3	through a planned unit development. So maybe we don't
4	want to make it hard for them, so we could just
5	they would just be in the regular category of 15,000
6	square feet, which is everything that's not otherwise
7	listed. Is that what you're because that's what
8	W-1, W-2
9	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Yes.
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
11	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: That's what I
12	thought, yes.
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. So we could
14	just take that out of the list, unless the Office of
15	Planning has a compelling reason
16	MR. LAWSON: We do not.
17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
18	Chapter 25. Chapter 31. Chapter 32.
19	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Now, the third to
20	last line maybe I'm not reading again.
21	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: We can read it aloud,
22	if you would like.
23	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: In a zoned W-0, and
24	it's for the exclusive use as a boathouse, marina I
25	think we ought to add "or yacht club." Don't we mean

that?

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CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Do we mean that, Mr. Lawson?

MR. LAWSON: I actually did not mean that, and this gets down to some, you know, kind of fine-line differences between what a marina and what a yacht club normally is. A yacht club, at least certainly in my experience with my research, typically involves a much higher level of day-to-day use. usually restricted to specific members who are using the club itself as a club or their boats on a regular basis. A marina can serve some of those purposes, but tends to generate less traffic, it tends generate less kind of a constant ongoing traffic because people are not usually going out on their moored boats every single day.

This regulation is essentially a way to allow -- the intent, anyway, is essentially to allow a boathouse or a marina to be located in a rather isolated location that may not have really excellent frontage onto a major road or excellent accessibility. I don't believe that a yacht club would be an appropriate use for a location like that.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Let me just ask Mr. Bergstein to weigh on this, because I thought that

this section	n had	to do	with	whether	or	not	you	hav	e a
record lot.									
	MR. E	BERGSTI	EIN:	Actually	7, 6	and	this	is	one

of the debates that Mr. Lawson and I were having, I thought this section had to do with whether or not you could have more than one principal structure on a lot, only later have Ι been informed and interpretation that you're saying, that this not only says no building permit may be issued unless there's a single building on a single lot, but it's being read to compel that there be a lot, and I don't know if that's true that this is the provision that stands for that.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Do you think if you studied it more, you would be sure?

MR. BERGSTEIN: I don't know because of how it's written. I mean, I could see how it could have that interpretation, but the exceptions to it, which is not just 2516 -- that's one of the problems with this provision, because the other exception is 2517, all go to the instances where someone wants to put more than a single building on a lot and those sections define how you create theoretical lots.

So it's hard to understand how -- I mean, it could have that meaning, but at least the "except

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fors," at least the one that deals with 2516, goes to the two buildings on a single -- or more than one principal building on a single lot interpretation that I have had of this section.

But what I thought might be happening is that we were going to get a better explanation about why this language was being proposed, because this language was being proposed from one of the commentaries, and I was hoping perhaps that we would receive some insight about why it was thought that this section would have that effect.

It certainly isn't -- it couldn't have been -- well it's by law the zoning regulations, but it could have been stated a lot clearer if that was the intent here.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Let me just ask if we could do the following, which is if you, as an attorney, don't -- it's not clear to you what 3302.3 is supposed to do whether we change it or we don't, can we please study the history of that so that it's accomplishing whatever it's intended to accomplish right now, and if there is something that we want to accomplish further with it through this, that we would then amend the language, but for now that we don't amend the language because we obviously don't know

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1	what it is there for in the first place, which is, you
2	know, not a good position to be in. Can we agree to
3	do that?
4	MR. BERGSTEIN: Yes, with the
5	understanding that if we all agree that it does what
6	it's supposed to do, I think it's something that you
7	can put in the final rule.
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Sure. Yes.
9	Absolutely.
10	Okay. Anything else?
11	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Yes.
12	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Mr. Parsons.
13	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I don't know why I
14	didn't think about this in the beginning and I
15	hesitate to bring it up because I don't want to stall
16	this. There was a floating restaurant on the
17	Southwest waterfront, Gangplank it was called, was on
18	a barge and had all the utility hookups. Maybe you
19	had a beer there once.
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Never.
21	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Anyway, it was two
22	stories and was funky. These regulations don't speak
23	to that kind of use and I think we might want to
24	anticipate that.
25	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.

COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Not to hold this up. I wish I had thought about it a long time ago, and I didn't, because that's the kind of use that we would certainly want to regulate, especially as it goes to parking. It's a whole different kind of use than we've been dealing with here.

Now, yacht contains -- the Tappa Yacht Club contains a restaurant, and I don't mean to go that way with it, but these are like floating homes except they serve 250 people dinner. So I just felt a need to bring that up and say let's move on with what we've got and worry about it later, maybe, but --

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes. I think we should think about that because, I mean, not thinking specifically about W-0, but thinking about W-1, 2 and 3, and we've got, you know, restaurant, just as a for-instance, as a permitted use. We really don't focus on -- we don't focus on the relationship in any other zone other than W-O on the -- we don't focus on the relationship of a building that may be in part or in whole on the water at all, and the circumstance where, under 107-point whatever the reference was, we would have jurisdiction out over the water, then in essence a restaurant is permitted, however you can get it there, to some extent. So it

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1	may be desirable to have something that relates to the
2	floating aspect of it. We will have to think about
3	that some more.
4	COMMISSIONER HANNAHAM: Once upon a time,
5	we had a politician in D.C. who was advocating a
6	floating casino.
7	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Now you've really
8	started.
9	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Yes. We need to
10	bring him back.
11	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: If our finances keep
12	going the way they are, I bet you will hear about it
13	again.
14	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Slots for tots.
15	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Anything else?
16	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: With no setback.
17	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Do we need to vote
18	on this?
19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes, I think that's
20	the idea. That's actually the idea, is that we were
21	thinking we might vote on this tonight.
22	We have made a number of suggestions, and
23	I know that between Mr. Bergstein and the Office of
24	Planning folks, they have noted all of those, and I
25	would at this point move approval of the W-O text and

1	related amendments as we've discussed this evening.
2	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Second.
3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: All right. Let's
4	just vote on that and then we can make a few comments.
5	Any further discussion?
6	(No response.)
7	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: All those in favor,
8	please say aye.
9	(Chorus of ayes.)
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I will vote Mr. May
11	in the affirmative as well since he said he would vote
12	in the affirmative as long as it was generally
13	unchanged.
14	All those opposed, please say no.
15	(No response.)
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Ms. Sanchez, would
17	you record the vote?
18	MS. SANCHEZ: Yes. Staff would record the
19	vote five to zero to zero, Commissioner Mitten moving,
20	Commissioner Parsons seconding, Commissioners Hood and
21	
	Hannaham in favor, and Commissioner May also in favor
22	Hannaham in favor, and Commissioner May also in favor by absentee ballot for approval of Zoning Commission
22	by absentee ballot for approval of Zoning Commission
22	by absentee ballot for approval of Zoning Commission Case 02-42.

1	I'm concerned that there is, you know, departure I
2	don't know if it's significant departure or not
3	from the advertisement of the public hearing. I
4	think we need to determine whether or not there is
5	anything that is so significantly either added or
6	changed that we need to advertise separately and
7	perhaps have a well, just if we need to resolve any
8	issues regarding notice, let me just leave it at that,
9	but that those things that fall within the parameters
10	of the public hearing notice, that those would
11	certainly continue to move forward.
12	Is there anything else anyone would like
13	to add at this point?
14	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: In that context, I
15	hope we can still proceed with the May 19th hearing of
16	the university.
17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Right. I don't see
18	that there is any impediment to that, and that's why I
19	said, you know, anything that's within the parameters
20	of the original notice should go forward, and we will
21	just anything that's a significant departure from
22	that, we will just separate that out and treat it
23	independently.
24	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: All right.

MR. BERGSTEIN: So would we take it, then,

1	that in essence, if there is anything identified that
2	would require another hearing, that in essence you
3	have voted to set those down for hearing and that we
4	could proceed with a notice of hearing for those
5	provisions, or would you want those
6	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: No. That's good.
7	That's perfect. Thank you.
8	All right. Anyone else?
9	(No response.)
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Then this special
11	public meeting is now adjourned.
12	(Whereupon, at 8:15 p.m., the special
13	public meeting adjourned.)
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